



Official name	Flag	Capital City
Republic of Angola (Central Africa) (1478-1975)		Luanda
Brazil Federation (South America) (1500-1822)		Brasilia
Republic of Cape-Verde (West Africa) (1456-1975)		Praia
Republic of Guinea-Bissau (West Africa) (1446?-1974)		Bissau
Republic of Equatorial Guinea (West Africa) (1492)		Malabo
Republic of Mozambique (East Africa) (1498-1975)		Maputo
Republic of Portugal (Europe) (1143)		Lisboa
Democratic Republic of São Tomé e Príncipe (Central Africa) (1469-1975)		São Tomé
Democratic Republic of East-Timor (Southeast Asia) (1509-1975-2002)		Díli
Goa (India) 1505-1961		Goa

ONLINE SOURCES

Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

PURPOSE:

This City University of Macau (China) e-publication is a collection of online sources prepared to support academic research on Portuguese-speaking Countries and former colonial Portuguese territories. Generous support was given by the Higher Education Fund of the Macao SAR Government.

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Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

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With the contribution of Associate Professor Francisco Leandro

With generous support from the Higher Education Fund of the Macao SAR Government

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INTRODUCTION

The Portuguese-speaking countries are diverse, and materials on them can be found in archives around the world. Many of these sources are now available in digital form online, often accessible to anyone who can use the Internet. This collection constitutes only a preliminary guide to research resources, and should be regarded as work in progress, that will undoubtedly require supplementing and adjusting in future.

The purpose of this online document is to facilitate and perhaps encourage research on Portuguese-speaking countries, in order to increase the number of scientific publications of this topic. For our University, it is particularly important to encourage scientific research in Macau, China as a platform for cooperation between China and the Portuguese-speaking countries (PSC), especially given the economic value of the Portuguese language.

According to the *CIA World Fact Book* and *Africa Facts* (2017)¹, the Portuguese-Speaking community has approximately 215 to 220 million native speakers and 250 million speakers in all. Portuguese is usually listed as the sixth-most natively-spoken language in the world, the third-most spoken European language in the world in terms of native speakers, and the most spoken language in the Southern Hemisphere. The *New Atlas of the Portuguese Language* projects that by 2100, the former Portuguese colonies of Angola and Mozambique will account for the bulk of Portuguese speakers in the world, a combined population of 266 million, topping Brazil with a projected 200 million Portuguese speakers in 2100. Research based, this edition of the *New Atlas of the Portuguese Language* presents updated information relating to Portuguese as a global language spoken by 263 million (2015) in Europe, South America, Africa, and Asia. According to the book, in 2050 Portuguese will be spoken by an estimated 390 million and in 2100 by a projected 400 million². Portuguese is also the most spoken language in South America and the second-most spoken in Latin America after Spanish, one of the 10 most spoken languages in Africa, an official language of the European Union (EU), MERCOSUR, the Organization of Ibero-American States (OIS), ECOWAS, the South African Development Community (SADC), the Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS), and the African Union (AU), and the 7th official language of the United Nations in addition to Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, and Spanish.

¹ Retrieved on 12 December 2018, from <https://africa-facts.org/top-10-most-spoken-languages-in-africa/> and <https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/geos/xx.html>.

² Retrieved on 4 November 2018, from <http://portuguese-american-journal.com/lisbon-portuguese-language-to-expand-to-400-million-speakers-globally-portugal/>.

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Data collected in 2012³ has revealed that Portuguese is the fourth-most spoken language globally, after Mandarin, Spanish, and English. The same data also revealed that Portuguese is the fifth-most used language on the Internet after English, Mandarin, Spanish, and Arabic. Portuguese is also the third- most used language on Facebook and the fifth on Twitter.

Apart from the developing potential of the political-economic relations between China, the PSC and the different economic communities across the world, we also must consider the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries (CPLP), which is a supra-national organization, composed of 9 member-states using the Portuguese language as their own official language. The CPLP is spread across four continents and assumes itself to be a political project, whose foundation is the Portuguese Language (and the idea of 'Lusophony'), based on shared historical links and a common heritage. The CPLP, despite being geographically discontinuous, identifies itself as a community of shared culture and common language with the sea as the uniting geopolitical factor. At the global level, this unity factor put forward by the CPLP has led to increasingly significant and influential joint action.

This document is organized by countries or territories and each entry is subdivided into national and international sources. Accompanying each source presented is a brief assessment of its value, in terms of academic research.

³ Retrieved on 4 November 2018, from <http://portuguese-american-journal.com/lisbon-portuguese-language-to-expand-to-400-million-speakers-globally-portugal/>.

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I. PORTUGAL

(a) PORTUGAL

Government of Portugal Official Website

<https://www.portugal.gov.pt/pt/gc21>

The official website of the Government of Portugal offers access in Portuguese and English to numerous recent materials generated by the various branches of the Portuguese government.

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present.

Presidency of the Republic of Portugal Official Website

<http://www.presidencia.pt/>

The official page of the Presidency of the Portuguese Republic provides information in Portuguese and English on the Portuguese presidency and its History, as well as the activities of the President of the Portuguese Republic.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.



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National Statistics Institute of Portugal

[National Statistics Institute of Portugal \(www.ine.pt/\)](http://www.ine.pt/)

This site provides information in Portuguese and English on the current statistical data for Portugal and on recent publications.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitalq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, many of them related to the history of Portugal.

(b) INTERNATIONAL

CPLP – Community of the Portuguese Language Speaking Countries

<https://www.cplp.org/>

CPLP is a multilateral forum intended to deepen mutual friendship and cooperation among its members, the Portuguese-speaking countries. It was created on July 17, 1996. CPLP has the following general objectives: the conservation of political diplomacy among its Member-States, reinforcing its international presence; cooperation in all areas, including education, health, science and technology, defense, agriculture, public administration, communication, justice, public security, culture, sports, and social communication; and the implementation of projects that promote and disseminate the Portuguese language. Its website includes reports and press releases related to these efforts in the various Portuguese-speaking countries.



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Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

United Nations

<http://www.un.org/en/databases/index.html>

The United Nations maintains a range of databases giving access to official reports, resolutions, speeches, and archives. Many thousands of these files are in some way related to Portugal and its former colonies.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/PRT>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Portugal.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/portugal/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published a range of materials concerning Portugal.

World Bank

<https://www.worldbank.org/en/research>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over two hundred publications and reports related to the economic development of Portugal. Its archives and oral histories also contain extensive information on its past and present dealings with Portugal.



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World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Portugal's past and present economic and commercial situation since the late 1940s, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

Australian Government: Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade: History of Australian Diplomacy

<http://dfat.gov.au/about-us/history-of-australian-diplomacy/pages/documents-on-australian-foreign-policy.aspx>

The website of the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade provides access to the documentary series *Documents on Australian Foreign Policy* and related monographs. Included here is the full text of the substantial documentary volume, *Australia and the Indonesian Incorporation of Portuguese Timor, 1974-1976* (2000). Other volumes also provide extensive information on relations between Australia and Portugal in the twentieth century.

National Archives of Australia

<http://www.naa.gov.au/>

Numerous archival files relating to many aspects of Australian international affairs during the twentieth century have been digitized and are available online. Several hundred of these deal with issues related to Portugal and its colonies.

Global Affairs Canada

<http://www.international.gc.ca/history-histoire/index.aspx?lang=eng>

Website of Canada's Department of Foreign Affairs and International Affairs, which provides information on the history of Canadian foreign policy. It gives access to the published volumes of the documentary series *Documents on Canadian External Relations* from 1946 onward, which include information on Canada's relations with Portugal.



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Library and Archives of Canada

<http://www.collectionscanada.gc.ca/lac-bac/search/all>

The Library and Archives of Canada holds various archival materials, books, photographs, and maps bearing on Portugal, a significant number of which have been digitized.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include over 3,000 digitized files relating to Portugal from the 1940s onward, with particularly extensive records on the 1970s and 1980s.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present.

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan: Documents on Japanese Foreign Policy (Nihongaikobunsho)

http://www.mofa.go.jp/ms/da/page25e_000017.html

Provides online access to published volumes of compilations of original Japanese documents on foreign affairs during the 1930s and 1940s. Some of these cover dealings between Portugal and Japan over Macau and the wartime Japanese occupation of Timor.



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NATO Archives Online

<http://archives.nato.int/>

NATO provides access to committee documents and publications relating to the early history and operations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, of which Portugal was a founding member in 1949. Several thousand of these are related in some way to Portugal.

National Archives of Singapore

<http://www.nas.gov.sg/archivesonline/>

The National Archives of Singapore offer a wide range of sources, including documents, audiovisual materials, photographs, posters, and oral histories. These include a significant number of archival documentary materials, photographs, oral histories, and speeches, bearing on past or contemporary Portugal. Some have been collected from other repositories, notably the United Kingdom National Archives and the National Archives of Australia.

The Bank of England

<https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/archive>

The Bank of England provides access to extensive economic and financial data and reports on Portugal.

British Diplomatic Oral History Programme

<https://janus.lib.cam.ac.uk/db/node.xsp?id=EAD%2FGBR%2F0014%2FDOHP>

The British Diplomatic Oral History Programme (BDOHP), established in 1996 with the approval and cooperation of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FC), interviews former British diplomats or other officials who have played a significant role in events bearing on international relations. Interviewees include various diplomats who served in Portugal and its then colonies during and after the Cold War.

Margaret Thatcher Foundation

<http://www.margaretthatcher.org>

The Margaret Thatcher Foundation has collected and made available online many thousands of documents relating to Margaret Thatcher, including not just all her public speeches and statements but also numerous documents from her personal and official papers, and from other archival



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collections around the world that relate to her career. More than two hundred of these contain material related to Portugal.

United Kingdom National Archives

<http://discovery.nationalarchives.gov.uk/>

The National Archives of the United Kingdom offers a wide range of archival and other materials relating to Portugal, many of them freely accessible in digital format and available for downloading.

FRASER: Federal Reserve System Archives

<https://fraser.stlouisfed.org/archival/#1341>

The wideranging collection of archives and other materials related to the Federal Reserve System compiled under the auspices of the St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank includes extensive materials on economic and financial conditions in twentieth-century Portugal.

U.S. State Department: Office of the Historian

<https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments>

The Office of the Historian section of the State Department website offers access to a range of historical materials, including all volumes of the documentary series *Foreign Relations of the United States* that have been published to date. These cover U.S. relations with other countries, including Portugal, from 1861 onward, up to the administration of President Jimmy Carter (1977-1981). Volumes dealing with the administration of President Ronald Reagan (1981-1989) are currently in preparation or undergoing declassification review.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Around 18,000 of these telegrams relate to policy toward Portugal during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.



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U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Around one thousand of these relate to Portugal from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Over 7,000 of these relate to Portugal, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library

<https://fdrlibrary.org/archives>

The Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Portugal, especially during World War II.

Harry S. Truman Presidential Library

https://www.trumanlibrary.org/online_collections.htm

The Harry S. Truman Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. The files of the President and Secretary of State Dean Acheson contain records relating to Portugal.

John F. Kennedy Presidential Library

<https://www.jfklibrary.org/>

The John F. Kennedy Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Portugal.



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Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library

<https://www.discoverlbj.org/>

The Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library has digitized the files of the president's daily diary and telephone conversations, National Security Histories, and oral histories. Some of these contain material on Portugal.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. relations with Portugal and its colonial possessions.

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to Portugal.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Portugal.

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William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Portugal.

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These include coverage of all presidential statements related to Portugal, including joint press conferences with visiting Portuguese dignitaries and officials.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Portugal

<https://www.state.gov/p/eur/ci/po/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Portugal, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Portugal

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/portugal.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Portugal provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to Portugal's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A significant number of these deal with U.S. relations with Portugal.



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Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. These include a substantial number of documents bearing in some way on Portugal and its policies, from 1945 onward.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes extensive information on U.S. policies toward Portugal from World War II onward.



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Universidade da Cidade de Macau
City University of Macau

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Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/portugal>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Portugal since 1999.

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II. MACAU Special Administrative Region (MSAR)

(a) MACAU AND REGION

Macau SAR Government Portal Official Website

<https://www.gov.mo/en>

This website provides access to a wide range of Macau government websites, offering information on numerous contemporary issues.

Archives of Macau

<http://www.archives.gov.mo/en>

The official archives of Macau have digitized a range of resources, including the Official Gazette, published from 1850 to 1999, a selection of early Portuguese materials relating to Macau, and a substantial number of photographs. It also mounts important online exhibitions on Macau-related topics.

Global Mapping of Macau: Old Maps of Macau from Across the World

<http://gmom.must.edu.mo/>

This website brings together historic maps of Macau gathered from around the world.

Old Maps of Macau

<https://www.oldmapsonline.org/en/MACAU>

A selection of historic maps of Macau.

UNESCO World Heritage List: Historic Centre of Macao

<https://whc.unesco.org/en/list/1110>

A UNESCO webpage focusing on the Historic Centre of Macao as a World Heritage Site.



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Global Archives on Macau

<http://globalarchivesmacau.must.edu.mo/>

This project intends to investigate, collect and reorganize Macau archives scattered in public record offices overseas. It currently includes documents from Great Britain, the United States, and Hong Kong.

Macau Daily Times

<https://macaudailytimes.com.mo/>

The files of the *Macau Daily Times* newspaper from 2007 onward are archived and available online.

Hong Kong Government Records Service

https://www.grs.gov.hk/en/online_holdings.html

The Government Records Service of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region has digitized some of its archival holdings of documents and photographs, and mounts online exhibitions. These sources include material related to Macau.

Gwulo: Old Hong Kong

<https://gwulo.com/>

This website dealing with the history of Hong Kong includes significant information on Macau, especially in terms of personal reminiscences, photographs, and other ephemeral materials that might otherwise be lost to recollection.

The Hong Kong Memory Project

<https://www.hkmemory.hk/index.html>

Hong Kong Memory (HKM) is a multi-media web site that gives free and open access to digitized materials on Hong Kong's history, culture and heritage. The materials include text documents, photographs, posters, sound recordings, motion pictures and videos. Some of these sources are related to Macau.



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The Industrial History of Hong Kong Group

<https://industrialhistoryhk.org/indhk/>

This private website, focusing on the industrial history of Hong Kong, is a rich resource for material relating not just to Hong Kong but also to Macau, and the economic, business, and personal links between the two territories. It also includes such materials as excerpts from the documents of the World War II British Army Aid Group, a clandestine anti-Japanese organization that ran operations in Macau as well as Hong Kong and China.

South China Morning Post

<https://www.scmp.com/>

The Hong Kong-based newspaper of record, the *South China Morning Post*, reports extensively on events in Macau.

(b) INTERNATIONAL

CPLP – Community of the Portuguese Language Speaking Countries

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Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present. Among these are numerous items related to Macau.



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Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

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Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Macau. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitarq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, many of them related to the history of Portugal and its former colonies, including Macau.

United Nations

<http://www.un.org/en/databases/index.html>

The United Nations maintains a range of databases giving access to official reports, resolutions, speeches, and archives. Many thousands of these files are in some way related to Portugal and its former colonies, including Macau.

Asian Development Bank

<https://www.adb.org>

The Asian Development Bank has produced hundreds of reports and other documents related to the economy and development of Macau.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/MAC>

The International Monetary Fund has published reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Macau.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/macaochina/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published a range of reports and other materials concerning Macau.

World Bank

<https://data.worldbank.org/country/macao-sar-china>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced a number of publications and reports related to the economic development of Macau.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Macau's past and present economic and commercial situation since the late 1940s, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

Australian Government: Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade: History of Australian Diplomacy

<http://dfat.gov.au/about-us/history-of-australian-diplomacy/pages/documents-on-australian-foreign-policy.aspx>

The website of the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade provides access to the documentary series *Documents on Australian Foreign Policy* and related monographs. Included here is the full text of the substantial documentary volume, *Australia and the Indonesian Incorporation of Portuguese Timor, 1974-1976* (2000). Other volumes also provide extensive information on relations between Australia and Portugal and its colonies, including Macau, during the twentieth century.

National Archives of Australia

<http://www.naa.gov.au/>

Numerous archival files relating to many aspects of Australian international affairs during the twentieth century have been digitized and are available online. A number of these deal specifically with Macau, or with Portugal's colonial policies.

Global Affairs Canada

<http://www.international.gc.ca/history-histoire/index.aspx?lang=eng>

Website of Canada's Department of Foreign Affairs and International Affairs, which provides information on the history of Canadian foreign policy. It gives access to the published volumes of the documentary series *Documents on Canadian External Relations* from 1946 onward, which include information on Canada's relations with Portugal and its various colonies.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Library and Archives of Canada

<http://www.collectionscanada.gc.ca/lac-bac/search/all>

The Library and Archives of Canada holds various archival materials, books, photographs, and maps bearing on Macau, a significant number of which have been digitized.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include a number of digitized files relating to Macau from the 1970s to the 1990s.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present.

National Archives of India: Abhilekh Patal

<https://www.abhilekh-patal.in/jspui/>

Abhilekh Patal Portal for Access to Archives and Learning is an initiative launched by the National Archives of India to make its rich treasure of Indian Archival Records available online. Over 78,000 records from both government sources and private collections have already been digitized, some of which relate to Macau.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan: Documents on Japanese Foreign Policy (Nihongaikobunsho)

http://www.mofa.go.jp/ms/da/page25e_000017.html

Provides online access to published volumes of compilations of original Japanese documents on foreign affairs during the 1930s and 1940s. Some of these cover dealings between Portugal and Japan over Macau and the wartime Japanese occupation of Timor.

NATO Archives Online

<http://archives.nato.int/>

NATO provides access to committee documents and publications relating to the early history and operations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, of which Portugal was a founding member in 1949. Over thirty of these are related in some way to Macau.

National Archives of Singapore

<http://www.nas.gov.sg/archivesonline/>

The National Archives of Singapore offer a wide range of sources, including documents, audiovisual materials, photographs, posters, and oral histories. These include a significant number of archival documentary materials, photographs, oral histories, and speeches, bearing on past or contemporary Macau. Some have been collected from other repositories, notably the United Kingdom National Archives and the National Archives of Australia.

Margaret Thatcher Foundation

<http://www.margaretthatcher.org>

The Margaret Thatcher Foundation has collected and made available online many thousands of documents relating to Margaret Thatcher, including not just all her public speeches and statements but also numerous documents from her personal and official papers, and from other archival collections around the world that relate to her career. A number of these contain material related to Macau.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

United Kingdom National Archives

<http://discovery.nationalarchives.gov.uk/>

The National Archives of the United Kingdom offers a wide range of archival and other materials relating to British foreign policy. Some files related to Macau have been digitized, and in some cases are freely accessible.

U.S. State Department: Office of the Historian

<https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments>

The Office of the Historian section of the State Department website offers access to a range of historical materials, including all volumes of the documentary series *Foreign Relations of the United States* that have been published to date. These cover U.S. relations with other countries, including Portugal, Macau, and China, from 1861 onward, up to the administration of President Jimmy Carter (1977-1981). Volumes dealing with the administration of President Ronald Reagan (1981-1989) are currently in preparation or undergoing declassification review.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Around 1,000 of these telegrams relate to policy toward Macau during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Around 200 of these relate to Macau from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Around



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

1,000 of these relate to Macau, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

John F. Kennedy Presidential Library

<https://www.jfklibrary.org/>

The John F. Kennedy Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Portugal and Macau.

Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library

<https://www.discoverlbj.org/>

The Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library has digitized the files of the president's daily diary and telephone conversations, National Security Histories, and oral histories. These contain a small amount of Macau-related material.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. relations with Portugal and its colonial possessions, including Macau.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Portugal, China, and Macau.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Macau.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Macau

<https://www.state.gov/p/eap/ci/ch/index.htm>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Macau, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Macau

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/macau.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Macau provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to Macau's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A significant number of these deal with U.S. relations with Macau.

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. These include a substantial number of documents bearing in some way on Macau, from 1945 onward.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes some documents bearing on Macau, especially in relation to China.

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes around 20 reports and press releases related to Macau, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/macao-0>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Macau since 1999.



澳門城市大學
Universidade da Cidade de Macau
City University of Macau

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

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Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes a number of reports and news releases relating to Macau in the early twenty-first century.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



III. BRAZIL

(a) BRAZIL

Government of Brazil Official Website

<http://www.brasil.gov.br/>

The Government of Brazil maintains an official website, a portal that provides access to information of all kinds from a wide range of government agencies.

Biblioteca Nacional Brasil Digital: BNDigital

<http://bndigital.bn.gov.br/>

The National Library of Brazil has digitized almost 2 million documents, books, and photographs relating to the country's history and culture, including the complete runs of many newspapers.

Center for Research Libraries: Brazilian Government Documents

<http://ddsnnext.crl.edu/brazil>

The Latin American Materials Project (LAMP) at the Center for Research Libraries (CRL) has digitized executive branch serial documents issued by Brazil's national government between 1821 and 1993, and by its provincial governments from the earliest available for each province to the end of the first Republic in 1930.

Biblioteca Brasileira Guita e José Mindlin

<http://www.bbm.usp.br/>

Brasiliiana Collection housed by the Universidade de São Paulo. More than 3,000 titles on different subjects about Brazil can be accessed online



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Biblioteca Digital Luso-Brasileira

<https://bdlb.bn.gov.br/>

Portal for digital collections of the National Libraries of Brazil and Portugal, offering access to a very wide range of materials from both repositories

Itaú cultural

<http://www.itaucultural.org.br/>

The mission of Itaú cultural is to create knowledge about the arts in Brazil; to understand the country's cultural practices, and provide access to culture and promote social participation. Itaú cultural also produced an encyclopedia that serves as a virtual reference service, bringing together information on visual arts, art and technology, literature, theater, cinema, dance, and music produced in Brazil.

Brasiliana eletrônica (UFRJ)

<http://www.brasiliana.com.br/>

Digitization project of the Brasiliana Collection at the Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro. More than 400 works published between 1931-1993 have been digitized and are available through the site.

Academia Brasileira de Letras

<http://www.academia.org.br/?tpl=home>

The Academia Brasileira de Letras (ABL) is a cultural institution inaugurated in 1897 and its objective is to cultivate and promote the national language and literature. This site provides access to the different programs that are part of the ABL, as well as to its publications (some of which are available online).

Biblioteca Walter Way (Pinacoteca São Paulo)

<http://biblioteca.pinacoteca.org.br:9090/site/php/index.php?lang=pt>

Provides access to artistic, bibliographic and archival collections at the Pinacoteca. The Pinacoteca emphasizes Brazilian 19th century to contemporary visual arts.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Portal Domínio Público: Biblioteca Digital Desenvolvida em Software Livre

<http://www.dominiopublico.gov.br/pesquisa/PesquisaObraForm.jsp>

An online archive, provides access to 500+ works in Portuguese. Among materials included in the archive are audio recordings, video, images and text.

Biblioteca Digital Brasileira de Teses e Dissertações

<http://bdtd.ibict.br/vufind/>

Provides access to theses and dissertations defended at over 100 institutions of higher education in Brazil since 1996. Maintained by the Instituto Brasileiro de Informação em Ciência e Tecnologia.

Biblioteca Digital de Teses e Dissertações da Universidade de São Paulo (USP)

<http://www.teses.usp.br/>

Contains over 45,000 dissertations and theses defended at the Universidade de São Paulo.

Slave Societies Digital Archive: Brazil

<https://www.slavesocieties.org/collections/brazil>

The SSDA Brazil collection consists of seventeenth- through nineteenth-century secular and ecclesiastical documents, primarily from the present-day states of Rio de Janeiro and Paraíba. In addition to the documents themselves, this section of the archive contains information on the development of the projects as well as a small selection of transcriptions and volume descriptions.

(b) INTERNATIONAL

CPLP – Community of the Portuguese Language Speaking Countries

<https://www.cplp.org/>

CPLP is a multilateral forum intended to deepen mutual friendship and cooperation among its members, the Portuguese-speaking countries. It was created on July 17, 1996. CPLP has the following general objectives: the conservation of political diplomacy among its Member-States, reinforcing its international presence; cooperation in all areas, including education, health, science and technology, defense, agriculture, public administration, communication, justice, public security, culture, sports, and social communication; and the implementation of projects that promote and disseminate the Portuguese language. Its website includes reports and press releases related to these efforts in the various Portuguese-speaking countries.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present. Among these are numerous items related to Brazil.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Brazil. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most

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relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitalq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, many of them related to the history of Portugal and its former colonies, including Brazil.

United Nations

<http://www.un.org/en/databases/index.html>

The United Nations maintains a range of databases giving access to official reports, resolutions, speeches, and archives. Many thousands of these files are in some way related to Brazil.

Organization of American States

<https://www.oas.org>

Brazil is a prominent member of the Organization of American States (OAS). The website includes over 150 documents generated by or relating to Brazil, from 2001 onwards.

Inter-American Development Bank

<https://www.iadb.org/en/>

Brazil is a prominent member of the Inter-American Development Bank, and several hundred of that organization's publications focus upon issues pertaining to Brazil.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/BRA>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Brazil.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/brazil/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published numerous reports and other materials concerning Brazil.

World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/country/brazil>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over 1600 publications and reports related to the economic development of Brazil. Its archives and oral histories also contain extensive information on its past and present dealings with Brazil.

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Brazil's past and present economic and commercial situation since the late 1940s, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

Australian Government: Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade: History of Australian Diplomacy

<http://dfat.gov.au/about-us/history-of-australian-diplomacy/pages/documents-on-australian-foreign-policy.aspx>

The website of the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade provides access to the documentary series *Documents on Australian Foreign Policy* and related monographs. These volumes provide extensive information on relations between Australia, Brazil, and other countries during the twentieth century.

Global Affairs Canada

<http://www.international.gc.ca/history-histoire/index.aspx?lang=eng>

Website of Canada's Department of Foreign Affairs and International Affairs, which provides information on the history of Canadian foreign policy. It gives access to the published volumes of



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

the documentary series *Documents on Canadian External Relations* from 1946 onward, which include information on Canada's relations with Brazil.

Library and Archives of Canada

<http://www.collectionscanada.gc.ca/lac-bac/search/all>

The Library and Archives of Canada holds substantial archival materials, books, photographs, and maps bearing on Brazil, a significant number of which have been digitized.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include over one hundred digitized files relating to Brazil from the 1950s to the early 2000s.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present. A significant number of these deal with Brazil.

NATO Archives Online

<http://archives.nato.int/>

NATO provides access to committee documents and publications relating to the early history and operations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. Over one hundred of these are related in some way to Brazil.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

The Bank of England

<https://www.bankofengland.co.uk/archive>

The Bank of England provides access to extensive economic and financial data and reports on Brazil.

British Diplomatic Oral History Programme

<https://janus.lib.cam.ac.uk/db/node.xsp?id=EAD%2FGBR%2F0014%2FDOHP>

The British Diplomatic Oral History Programme (BDOHP), established in 1996 with the approval and cooperation of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FC), interviews former British diplomats or other officials who have played a significant role in events bearing on international relations. Interviewees include diplomats who served in Brazil during and after the Cold War.

Margaret Thatcher Foundation

<http://www.margaretthatcher.org>

The Margaret Thatcher Foundation has collected and made available online many thousands of documents relating to Margaret Thatcher, including not just all her public speeches and statements but also numerous documents from her personal and official papers, and from other archival collections around the world that relate to her career. Over 150 of these contain material related to Brazil.

United Kingdom National Archives

<http://discovery.nationalarchives.gov.uk/>

The National Archives of the United Kingdom offers a wide range of archival and other materials relating to British foreign policy. Several hundred files related to Brazil have been digitized, and many of these are freely accessible.

FRASER: Federal Reserve System Archives

<https://fraser.stlouisfed.org/archival/#1341>

The wideranging collection of archives and other materials related to the Federal Reserve System compiled under the auspices of the St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank includes extensive materials on economic and financial conditions in twentieth-century Brazil.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

U.S. State Department: Office of the Historian

<https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments>

The Office of the Historian section of the State Department website offers access to a range of historical materials, including all volumes of the documentary series *Foreign Relations of the United States* that have been published to date. These cover U.S. relations with other countries, including Brazil, from 1861 onward, up to the administration of President Jimmy Carter (1977-1981). Volumes dealing with the administration of President Ronald Reagan (1981-1989) are currently in preparation or undergoing declassification review.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Around 28,000 of these telegrams refer in some way to Brazil during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Around 4,000 of these touch in some way on Brazil from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Around 10,000 of these relate to Brazil, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library

<https://fdrlibrary.org/archives>

The Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Brazil, especially during the 1930s and World War II.

Harry S. Truman Presidential Library

https://www.trumanlibrary.org/online_collections.htm

The Harry S. Truman Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. The files of the President and Secretary of State Dean Acheson contain records relating to Brazil.

John F. Kennedy Presidential Library

<https://www.jfklibrary.org/>

The John F. Kennedy Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Brazil.

Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library

<https://www.discoverlbj.org/>

The Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library has digitized the files of the president's daily diary and telephone conversations, National Security Histories, and oral histories. Some of these contain material related to Brazil.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. relations with Brazil.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to Brazil.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs in Latin America.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Brazil.

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Brazil.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Brazil

<https://www.state.gov/p/wha/ci/br/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Brazil, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

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The Library of Congress: Brazil Cordel Literature Web Archive

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/brazil-cordel-literature-web-archive/about-this-collection/>

The Library's Brazilian chapbook collection is one of the largest in the world, including more than 11,000 items, some as early as the 1930s. This web archive collection is comprised of sites or blogs containing full-text *cordel*, video or audio clips of *repentista* performances, and news about *cordel*-related events. It is important to preserve *cordel* blogs because they serve a different purpose - to represent the voice of the blogger rather than the organization that sponsored the web site.

The Library of Congress: Brazilian Presidential Election 2010 Web Archive

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/brazilian-presidential-election-2010-web-archive/about-this-collection/>

These materials on the Brazilian presidential election of 2010 were collected from September 2010 to January 2011. The president, Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva, was not allowed by law to run for another term, as he had already served two terms. Sites harvested as part of this collection include national political party and candidates' websites.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Brazil

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/brazil.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Brazil provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to Brazil's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A substantial number of these deal with U.S. relations with Brazil.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These include coverage of all presidential statements related to Brazil, including joint press conferences with visiting Brazilian dignitaries and officials.

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. One specific project collection focuses on Brazilian Nuclear History from 1947 to 1989, and another on the Origins of Brazil-Argentina Nuclear Cooperation. Brazil also features in the project collections on China and Latin America and the Caribbean, as well as that on the Cuban Missile Crisis.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes almost 200 documents related to Brazil.

Princeton University Library: Rare Books and Special Collections

<https://rbsc.princeton.edu/divisions/public-policy-papers>

Princeton University Library has digitized portions of several significant manuscript collections relating to the Cold War, including the papers of James A. Baker, Allen W. Dulles, John Foster Dulles, James V. Forrestal, and George F. Kennan. Several of these include material related to Brazil.

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/countries/americas/brazil/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes around 700 reports and press releases related to Brazil, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/brazil>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Brazil since 1998.

Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/americas/brazil>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes over 900 reports and news releases relating to Brazil, from the early 1990s to the present.



澳門城市大學
Universidade da Cidade de Macau
City University of Macau

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Reporters Without Borders

<https://rsf.org/en/brazil>

The website of the non-governmental organization Reporters Without Borders includes over 150 reports on the situation of the press in Brazil since the early twenty-first century.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

IV. AFRICA'S PORTUGUESE-SPEAKING COUNTRIES:

ANGOLA, CABO VERDE, EQUATORIAL GUINEA, GUINEA-BISSAU, MOZAMBIQUE, AND SÃO TOMÉ E PRÍNCIPE.

(a) GENERAL AFRICAN WEBSITES

Africa Portal

<https://www.africaportal.org>

This website offers access to thousands of publications related to Africa. It can be searched country by country.

African Journal Archives

<https://journals.co.za/content/collection/african-journal-archive>

The African Journal Archive is a retrospective open access journal service that preserves and makes available African journal literature dating as far back as 1906, originating from a wide base of publishers and societies on the African continent. The Carnegie Corporation of New York initiated and sponsored the Sabinet Gateway project.

African Newspapers Union List Project (Columbia University)

<https://library.columbia.edu/subject-guides/africa/resources/ejournals.html>

This portal offers access to a very wide range of open access electronic journals and newspapers on Africa.

African Studies Internet Resources

https://library.columbia.edu/locations/global/virtual-libraries/african_studies.html

This portal offers access to a huge range of internet resources related to Africa. They are organized by region, country, organization, and topic.

Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA)

<https://www.codesria.org/>

CODESRIA has, over the past 35 years established itself as the leading scholarly publisher in the social sciences on the African continent, with 90 per cent of what it publishes fed directly by the research and activities it sponsors among various social research networks in universities and



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

research institutes throughout the continent and increasingly in the diaspora. It publishes a bulletin and a wide range of books, journals, reports, and working papers, some of which are accessible through its website.

South African History Online

<http://www.sahistory.org.za/>

A website that provides access to numerous primary and secondary sources on South Africa during and after the Cold War, especially nationalist and left-wing movements.

Marxists Internet Archive

<https://www.marxists.org/>

Marxists Internet Archive (MIA) is a non-profit website that hosts a multilingual library (created in 1990) of the works of Marxist, communist, socialist, and anarchist writers, such as Karl Marx, Friedrich Engels, Vladimir Lenin, Leon Trotsky, Rosa Luxemburg, Che Guevara, Mikhail Bakunin, and Pierre-Joseph Proudhon, as well as that of writers of related ideologies, and even unrelated ones (for instance, Sun Tzu and Adam Smith). It contains more than 53,000 documents from over 600 authors in 61 languages. It includes a substantial section devoted to Anti-Imperialism and Marxism in Africa, which offers a broad collection of writings by leaders of the Anti-Imperialist and Anti-apartheid movement and Marxists in Africa, and documents by and about all varieties of socialism in Sub-Saharan Africa. Among the writers featured are Samora Machel of Mozambique and Amilcar Cabral of Guinea-Bissau.

(b) INTERNATIONAL WEBSITES RELATED TO THE AFRICAN PORTUGUESE-SPEAKING COUNTRIES: GENERAL

African Union Commission Documents

<http://archive.au.int/browse.php>

The African Union has digitized many of its records, including major speeches, the minutes of its meetings, reports, and other documents.

CPLP – Community of the Portuguese Language Speaking Countries

<https://www.cplp.org/>

CPLP is a multilateral forum intended to deepen mutual friendship and cooperation among its members, the Portuguese-speaking countries. It was created on July 17, 1996. CPLP has the

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

following general objectives: the conservation of political diplomacy among its Member-States, reinforcing its international presence; cooperation in all areas, including education, health, science and technology, defense, agriculture, public administration, communication, justice, public security, culture, sports, and social communication; and the implementation of projects that promote and disseminate the Portuguese language. Its website includes reports and press releases related to these efforts in the various Portuguese-speaking countries.

Diário da República Eletrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present. Among these are numerous items related to the African Portuguese-speaking countries.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitalq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, many of them related to the history of Portugal and its former colonies, including Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

United Nations

<http://www.un.org/en/databases/index.html>

The United Nations maintains a range of databases giving access to official reports, resolutions, speeches, and archives. Many thousands of these files are in some way related to Angola, Cabo Verde, Equatorial Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, or São Tomé e Príncipe.

U.S. State Department: Office of the Historian

<https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments>

The Office of the Historian section of the State Department website offers access to a range of historical materials, including all volumes of the documentary series *Foreign Relations of the United States* published to date. These cover U.S. relations with other countries, including those in Africa, from 1861 onward, up to the administration of President Jimmy Carter (1977-1981).



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



(A) ANGOLA

Official Website of the Government of Angola

<http://www.governo.gov.ao/>

This portal provides access to a wide range of resources relating to the government of Angola and its operations.

Angolan Embassy in Washington, DC Website

<http://www.angola.org/>

This website provides access to information on Angola, Angola travel and tourism, its business and economy, and the government of Angola, and an archive of speeches made by government leaders since 2011.

MPLA Website

<http://www.mpla.ao/>

Website of Angola's largest political party, the People's Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA). It provides access to an online journal and other print and video publications.

UNITA Political Party Website

<http://www.unitaangola.com/PT/PrincipNouvP0.awp>

Website of Angola's second largest political party, the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA), founded in 1961.

Stanford University Library: Angola

<https://library.stanford.edu/africa-south-sahara/browse-country/angola>

Stanford University Library provides an excellent portal to a wide range of online and digitized materials related to every aspect of Angola, past and present.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

African Development Bank

<https://www.afdb.org/en/countries/southern-africa/angola/>

The African Development Bank offers access to numerous data, reports, publications and other material related to Angola and its projects in that country.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/AGO>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Angola.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/angola/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published numerous reports and other materials concerning Angola.

World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/country/angola>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over 100 publications and reports related to the economic development of Angola. Its archives and oral histories also contain information on its past and present dealings with Angola.

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Angola's past and present economic and commercial situation, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

The World Digital Library

<https://www.wdl.org/en/>

The World Digital Library provides access to rare travel accounts, maps, and illustrations of Angola.

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Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to Angola.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

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The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Timor-Leste. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most



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relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitalq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, including a significant number dealing with Angola.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include over 150 digitized files relating to Angola from the 1960s to the early 2000s.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present. Over two thousand of these are related to Angola.

NATO Archives Online

<http://archives.nato.int/>



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NATO provides access to committee documents and publications relating to the early history and operations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. Over sixty of these are related in some way to Angola.

British Commonwealth Oral History Project

<https://commonwealthoralhistories.org/>

A collection of oral histories by significant figures in the British Commonwealth, compiled by the Institute of Commonwealth Studies, School of Oriental and African Studies, London. Several of these discuss events in Angola and Mozambique.

British Diplomatic Oral History Programme

<https://janus.lib.cam.ac.uk/db/node.xsp?id=EAD%2FGBR%2F0014%2FDOHP>

The British Diplomatic Oral History Programme (BDOHP), established in 1996 with the approval and cooperation of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FC), interviews former British diplomats or other officials who have played a significant role in events bearing on international relations. Interviewees include diplomats who served in Angola during and after the Cold War.

Margaret Thatcher Foundation

<http://www.margaretthatcher.org>

The Margaret Thatcher Foundation has collected and made available online many thousands of documents relating to Margaret Thatcher, including all her public speeches and statements and also numerous documents from her personal and official papers, and from other archival collections around the world that relate to her career. Around 140 of these contain material related to Angola.

United Kingdom National Archives

<http://discovery.nationalarchives.gov.uk/>

The National Archives of the United Kingdom offers a wide range of archival and other materials relating to British foreign policy. Some files related to Angola have been digitized, and many of these are freely accessible.



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U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Around 16,000 of these telegrams refer in some way to Angola during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Around 1,500 touch in some way on Angola from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Over 5,000 of these relate to Angola, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. policy toward Portuguese colonies and former colonies in Africa.

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to former Portuguese colonies in Africa.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. Insurgencies in the former Portuguese colonies and other African states were a major preoccupation for the Reagan administration.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Angola

<https://www.state.gov/p/af/ci/ao/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Angola, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Angola

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/angola.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Angola provides links to numerous online resources related to Angola's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A number of these deal with U.S. policies toward and relations with Angola.

African Activist Archive Project

<https://africanactivist.msu.edu/index.php>

The African Activist Archive at Michigan State University is preserving and making available online the records of activism in the United States to support the struggles of African peoples against colonialism, apartheid, and social injustice from the 1950s through the 1990s. The website includes over 10,000 items, collecting historical materials, such as pamphlets, newsletters, leaflets, buttons, posters, T-shirts, photographs, and audio and video recordings, oral histories, and personal remembrances of activists. Events in Angola, Equatorial Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, and Mozambique feature prominently in these collections.

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These include coverage of all presidential statements related to Angola, including joint press conferences with visiting Angolan dignitaries and officials.

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. Around 300 documents deal with Angola. Angola features prominently in the project collection Cuba and Southern Africa.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes over 40 documents related to Angola.

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/countries/africa/angola/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes around 200 reports and press releases related to Angola, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/angola>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Angola since 1998.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/africa/angola>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes over 200 reports and news releases relating to Angola, from the early 1990s to the present.

Reporters Without Borders

<https://rsf.org/en/angola>

The website of the non-governmental organization Reporters Without Borders includes over 20 reports on the situation of the press in Angola since the early twenty-first century.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



(B) CAPE VERDE

Government of Cabo Verde: Official Website

<http://www.governo.cv/>

The official website of the government of Cabo Verde provides access to the websites of different ministries and government officers, and to information on the country.

Stanford University Library: Cape Verde

<https://library.stanford.edu/africa-south-sahara/browse-country/cape-verde>

Stanford University Library provides a portal to a wide range of online and digitized materials related to every aspect of Cabo Verde.

African Development Bank

<https://www.afdb.org/en/countries/west-africa/cabo-verde/>

The African Development Bank offers access to numerous data, reports, publications and other material related to Cabo Verde and its projects in that country.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/CPV>

The International Monetary Fund has published over one hundred reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Cabo Verde.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/caboverde/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published numerous reports and other materials concerning Cabo Verde.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/country/caboverde>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over sixty publications and reports related to the economic development of Cabo Verde. Its archives and oral histories also contain information on its past and present dealings with Cabo Verde.

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Cabo Verde's past and present economic and commercial situation, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

The World Digital Library

<https://www.wdl.org/en/>

The World Digital Library contains at least one British Foreign Office report on Cape Verde (Cabo Verde).

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to Cabo Verde.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Timor-Leste. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitalq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, including a significant number dealing with Cabo Verde.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include over 50 digitized files relating to Cape Verde (Cabo Verde) from the 1960s to the early 2000s.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present. Over 800 of these are related to Cabo Verde.

NATO Archives Online

<http://archives.nato.int/>

NATO provides access to committee documents and publications relating to the early history and operations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. Over twenty of these are related in some way to Cabo Verde.

British Diplomatic Oral History Programme

<https://janus.lib.cam.ac.uk/db/node.xsp?id=EAD%2FGBR%2F0014%2FDOHP>

The British Diplomatic Oral History Programme (BDOHP), established in 1996 with the approval and cooperation of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FC), interviews former British diplomats or other officials who have played a significant role in events bearing on international relations. Interviewees include diplomats who served in Cape Verde (Cabo Verde) during and after the Cold War.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

United Kingdom National Archives

<http://discovery.nationalarchives.gov.uk/>

The National Archives of the United Kingdom offers a wide range of archival and other materials relating to British foreign policy. Some files related to Cape Verde (Cabo Verde) have been digitized, and many of these are freely accessible.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Around 2,000 of these telegrams refer in some way to Cape Verde (Cabo Verde) during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Around 250 of these touch in some way on Cape Verde (Cabo Verde) from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Several hundred of these relate to Cape Verde (Cabo Verde), covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. policy toward Portuguese colonies and former colonies in Africa.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to former Portuguese colonies in Africa.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. Insurgencies in the former Portuguese colonies and other African states were a major preoccupation for the Reagan administration.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Cabo Verde

<https://www.state.gov/p/af/ci/cv/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Cabo Verde, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Cabo Verde

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/caboverde.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Cabo Verde provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to Cabo Verde's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A number of these deal with U.S. policies toward and relations with Cabo Verde.

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These include coverage of all presidential statements related to Cabo Verde, including joint press conferences with visiting dignitaries and officials from Cabo Verde.

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. A few documents refer to Cabo Verde.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes around 10 documents related to Cabo Verde.

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/countries/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes around 40 reports and press releases related to Cabo Verde, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/cape-verde>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Cabo Verde since 1998.

Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes over 20 reports and news releases relating to Cabo Verde, from the early 1990s to the present.



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Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Reporters Without Borders

<https://rsf.org/en/cabo-verde>

The website of the non-governmental organization Reporters Without Borders reports on the situation of the press in Cabo Verde since the early twenty-first century.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



(C) EQUATORIAL GUINEA

Official Website of the Government of Equatorial Guinea

<https://www.guineaecuatorialpress.com/?lang=en>

The official website of the government of Equatorial Guinea serves as a portal to the country's assorted ministries and agencies, and to other information on the country.

Stanford University Library: Equatorial Guinea

<https://library.stanford.edu/africa-south-sahara/browse-country/equatorial-guinea>

Stanford University Library provides a portal to a wide range of online and digitized materials related to every aspect of Equatorial Guinea.

African Development Bank

<https://www.afdb.org/en/countries/west-africa/guinea/>

The African Development Bank offers access to numerous data, reports, publications and other material related to Equatorial Guinea and its projects in that country.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/GIN>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Equatorial Guinea.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/equatorialguinea/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published numerous reports and other materials concerning Equatorial Guinea.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/country/equatorialguinea>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced numerous publications and reports related to the economic development of Equatorial Guinea. Its archives and oral histories also contain information on its past and present dealings with Equatorial Guinea.

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Equatorial Guinea's past and present economic and commercial situation, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

The World Digital Library

<https://www.wdl.org/en/>

The World Digital Library contains several items related to Equatorial Guinea.

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to Equatorial Guinea.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Timor-Leste. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitarq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, including a significant number dealing with Equatorial Guinea.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include a few digitized files relating to Equatorial Guinea.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present. A significant number of these are related to Equatorial Guinea.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Over one thousand of these telegrams refer in some way to Equatorial Guinea during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Over 100 of these touch in some way on Equatorial Guinea from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Several hundred of these relate to Equatorial Guinea, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

John F. Kennedy Presidential Library

<https://www.jfklibrary.org/>

The John F. Kennedy Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Equatorial Guinea.

Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library

<https://www.discoverlbj.org/>

The Lyndon B. Johnson Presidential Library has digitized the files of the president's daily diary and telephone conversations, National Security Histories, and oral histories. Some of these contain material related to Equatorial Guinea.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains some documentary information on U.S. policy toward Equatorial Guinea.

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including some materials related to Equatorial Guinea.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. Insurgencies in the former Portuguese colonies and other African states were a major preoccupation for the Reagan administration.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some materials relating to U.S. policy toward Equatorial Guinea.

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include some material relating to Equatorial Guinea.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Equatorial Guinea

<https://www.state.gov/p/af/ci/ek/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Equatorial Guinea, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Equatorial Guinea

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/equatorialguinea.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Equatorial Guinea provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to Equatorial Guinea's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A number of these deal with U.S. policies toward and relations with Equatorial Guinea.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

African Activist Archive Project

<https://africanactivist.msu.edu/index.php>

The African Activist Archive at Michigan State University is preserving and making available online the records of activism in the United States to support the struggles of African peoples against colonialism, apartheid, and social injustice from the 1950s through the 1990s. The website includes over 10,000 items, collecting historical materials, such as pamphlets, newsletters, leaflets, buttons, posters, T-shirts, photographs, and audio and video recordings, oral histories, and personal remembrances of activists. Events in Angola, Equatorial Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, and Mozambique feature prominently in these collections.

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These include coverage of all presidential statements related to Equatorial Guinea, including joint press conferences with visiting dignitaries and officials from Equatorial Guinea.

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. A significant number of documents refer to Equatorial Guinea, especially Chinese aid policies toward and other dealings with that country.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes a relatively small number of documents related to Equatorial Guinea, many of them in the cybersecurity area.

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/countries/africa/equatorial-guinea/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes almost 500 reports and press releases related to Equatorial Guinea, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/equatorial-guinea>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Equatorial Guinea since 1998.

Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/africa/equatorial-guinea>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes over 150 reports and news releases relating to Equatorial Guinea, from the late 1990s to the present.



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City University of Macau

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Reporters Without Borders

<https://rsf.org/en/equatorial-guinea>

The website of the non-governmental organization Reporters Without Borders includes over 20 reports on the situation of the press in Equatorial Guinea since the early twenty-first century.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



(D) GUINEA-BISSAU

Government of Guinea-Bissau: Official Website

<http://www.guinebissaurepublic.com/>

The official website of the government of Guinea-Bissau serves as a portal to the country's assorted ministries and agencies, and to other information on the country.

Stanford University Library: Guinea-Bissau

<https://library.stanford.edu/africa-south-sahara/browse-country/guinea-bissau>

Stanford University Library provides a portal to a wide range of online and digitized materials related to every aspect of Guinea-Bissau.

African Development Bank

<https://www.afdb.org/en/countries/west-africa/guinea-bissau/>

The African Development Bank offers access to numerous data, reports, publications and other material related to Guinea-Bissau and its projects in that country.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/GNB>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Guinea-Bissau.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/guinea-bissau/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published numerous reports and other materials concerning Guinea-Bissau.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/country/guineabissau>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over one hundred publications and reports related to the economic development of Guinea-Bissau. Its archives and oral histories also contain information on its past and present dealings with Guinea-Bissau.

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Guinea-Bissau's past and present economic and commercial situation, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

The World Digital Library

<https://www.wdl.org/en/>

The World Digital Library contains several items related to Guinea-Bissau.

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to Portuguese Guinea and Guinea-Bissau.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include over 90 digitized files relating to Guinea-Bissau from the 1960s to the early 2000s.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present. Over one hundred of these are related to Guinea-Bissau.

British Diplomatic Oral History Programme

<https://janus.lib.cam.ac.uk/db/node.xsp?id=EAD%2FGBR%2F0014%2FDOHP>

The British Diplomatic Oral History Programme (BDOHP), established in 1996 with the approval and cooperation of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FC), interviews former British diplomats or other officials who have played a significant role in events bearing on



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international relations. Interviewees include diplomats who served in Guinea-Bissau during and after the Cold War.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Several hundred of these telegrams refer in some way to Guinea-Bissau during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Over 200 of these touch in some way on Guinea-Bissau from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Several hundred of these relate to Guinea-Bissau, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. policy toward Portuguese colonies and former colonies in Africa.

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

the president and his associates, including significant materials related to former Portuguese colonies in Africa.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. Insurgencies in the former Portuguese colonies and other African states were a major preoccupation for the Reagan administration.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Guinea-Bissau

<https://www.state.gov/p/af/ci/pu/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Guinea-Bissau, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Guinea-Bissau

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/guineabissau.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Guinea-Bissau provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to Guinea-Bissau's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A number of these deal with U.S. policies toward and relations with Guinea-Bissau.

African Activist Archive Project

<https://africanactivist.msu.edu/index.php>

The African Activist Archive at Michigan State University is preserving and making available online the records of activism in the United States to support the struggles of African peoples against colonialism, apartheid, and social injustice from the 1950s through the 1990s. The website includes over 10,000 items, collecting historical materials, such as pamphlets, newsletters, leaflets, buttons, posters, T-shirts, photographs, and audio and video recordings, oral histories, and personal remembrances of activists. Events in Angola, Equatorial Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, and Mozambique feature prominently in these collections.

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These include coverage of all presidential statements related to Guinea-Bissau, including joint press conferences with visiting dignitaries and officials from Guinea-Bissau.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. Around 10 documents refer to with Guinea-Bissau.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes a relatively small number of documents related to Guinea-Bissau.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/countries/africa/guinea/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes almost 500 reports and press releases related to Guinea-Bissau, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/guinea-bissau>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Guinea-Bissau since 1998.

Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes over 50 reports and news releases relating to Guinea-Bissau, from the late 1990s to the present.

Reporters Without Borders

<https://rsf.org/en/guinea-bissau>

The website of the non-governmental organization Reporters Without Borders includes reports on the situation of the press in Guinea-Bissau since around 2010.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



(E) MOZAMBIQUE

Official Website: Government of Mozambique

<http://www.portaldogoverno.gov.mz/>

The official website of the Government of Mozambique offers a portal providing access to websites of the different government ministries and officials, as well as information on Mozambique.

FRELIMO (Mozambique Liberation Front) Website

<http://www.frelimo.org.mz/frelimo/>

The official website of Mozambique's dominant political party, founded in 1962 to fight for independence from Portuguese rule.

Resistência Nacional Moçambicana (RENAMO) Website

<http://www.renamo.org.mz/>

The official website of another of Mozambique's leading political parties, founded in 1975.

Stanford University Library: Mozambique

<https://library.stanford.edu/africa-south-sahara/browse-country/mozambique>

Stanford University Library provides a portal to a wide range of online and digitized materials related to every aspect of Mozambique.

African Development Bank

<https://www.afdb.org/en/countries/southern-africa/mozambique/>

The African Development Bank offers access to numerous data, reports, publications and other material related to Mozambique and its projects in that country.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/MOZ>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Mozambique.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/mozambique/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published numerous reports and other materials concerning Mozambique.

World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/country/mozambique>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over 300 publications, reports, and other materials related to the economic development of Mozambique. Its archives and oral histories also contain information on its past and present dealings with Mozambique.

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on Mozambique's past and present economic and commercial situation, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

The World Digital Library

<https://www.wdl.org/en/>

The World Digital Library contains at least one British Foreign Office report on Mozambique.

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to Mozambique.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Timor-Leste. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitarq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, including a significant number dealing with Mozambique.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include over 140 digitized files relating to Mozambique from the 1960s to the early 2000s.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present. Over 100 of these are related to Mozambique.

NATO Archives Online

<http://archives.nato.int/>

NATO provides access to committee documents and publications relating to the early history and operations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. Around forty of these are related in some way to Mozambique.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

British Commonwealth Oral History Project

<https://commonwealthoralhistories.org/>

A collection of oral histories by significant figures in the British Commonwealth, compiled by the Institute of Commonwealth Studies, School of Oriental and African Studies, London. Several of these discuss events in Angola and Mozambique.

Margaret Thatcher Foundation

<http://www.margaretthatcher.org>

The Margaret Thatcher Foundation has collected and made available online many thousands of documents relating to Margaret Thatcher, including not just all her public speeches and statements but also numerous documents from her personal and official papers, and from other archival collections around the world that relate to her career. Over 100 of these contain material related to Mozambique.

United Kingdom National Archives

<http://discovery.nationalarchives.gov.uk/>

The National Archives of the United Kingdom offers a wide range of archival and other materials relating to British foreign policy. Some files related to Mozambique have been digitized, and many of these are freely accessible.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Around 10,000 of these telegrams refer in some way to Mozambique during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Several hundred of these touch in some way on Mozambique from 1970 until at least 2009.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Over 3,000 of these relate to Mozambique, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. policy toward Portuguese colonies and former colonies in Africa.

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to former Portuguese colonies in Africa.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. Insurgencies in the former Portuguese colonies and other African states were a major preoccupation for the Reagan administration.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Mozambique

<https://www.state.gov/p/af/ci/mz/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Mozambique, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Mozambique

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/mozambique.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Mozambique provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to Mozambique's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A number of these deal with U.S. policies toward and relations with Mozambique.

African Activist Archive Project

<https://africanactivist.msu.edu/index.php>

The African Activist Archive at Michigan State University is preserving and making available online the records of activism in the United States to support the struggles of African peoples against colonialism, apartheid, and social injustice from the 1950s through the 1990s. The



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

website includes over 10,000 items, collecting historical materials, such as pamphlets, newsletters, leaflets, buttons, posters, T-shirts, photographs, and audio and video recordings, oral histories, and personal remembrances of activists. Events in Angola, Equatorial Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, and Mozambique feature prominently in these collections.

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These include coverage of all presidential statements related to Mozambique, including joint press conferences with visiting Mozambican dignitaries and officials.

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. Around 100 documents deal with Mozambique, which features prominently in the project collection Cuba and Southern Africa.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes around 20 documents related to Mozambique.

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/countries/africa/mozambique/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes around 80 reports and press releases related to Mozambique, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/mozambique>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Mozambique since 1999.

Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/africa/mozambique>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes over 200 reports and news releases relating to Mozambique, from the early 1990s to the present.

Reporters Without Borders

<https://rsf.org/en/mozambique>

The website of the non-governmental organization Reporters Without Borders includes over 15 reports on the situation of the press in Mozambique since the early twenty-first century.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



(F) SÃO TOMÉ E PRÍNCIPE

UNESCO Website: São Tomé e Príncipe

<http://www.unesco.org/new/en/unesco/worldwide/africa/sao-tome-and-principe/>

This site, produced by the São Tomé e Príncipe delegation to UNESCO, provides a brief introduction to the government of São Tomé e Príncipe.

Governments on the WWW: São Tomé e Príncipe

<http://www.gksoft.com/govt/en/mz.html>

A private website that provides extensive though sometimes dated information from various sources on the government and politics of São Tomé e Príncipe.

Stanford University Library: São Tomé e Príncipe

<https://library.stanford.edu/africa-south-sahara/browse-country/sao-tome-and-principe>

Stanford University Library provides a portal to a wide range of online and digitized materials related to every aspect of São Tomé e Príncipe.

African Development Bank

<https://www.afdb.org/en/countries/southern-africa/sao-tome-principe/>

The African Development Bank offers access to numerous data, reports, publications and other material related to São Tomé e Príncipe and its projects in that country.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/STP>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with São Tomé e Príncipe.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/saotomeandprincipe/>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published over 60 reports and other materials concerning São Tomé e Príncipe.

World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/country/saotome>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over 50 publications and reports related to the economic development of São Tomé e Príncipe. Its archives and oral histories also contain information on its past and present dealings with São Tomé e Príncipe.

World Trade Organization and General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization website, which includes the archives of its predecessor organization, the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT), provides extensive detailed information on the past and present economic and commercial situation of São Tomé e Príncipe, especially its involvement in the international trade system.

The World Digital Library

<https://www.wdl.org/en/>

The World Digital Library contains several items relating to São Tomé e Príncipe.

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to São Tomé e Príncipe.

Mário Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Timor-Leste. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitarq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, including many materials related to São Tomé e Príncipe.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu/Research/HistoricalArchivesOfEU>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include approximately 6 digitized files relating to São Tomé e Príncipe.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include many thousands of documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories, from the fifteenth century up to the present. These include materials related to São Tomé e Príncipe.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Around 1,000 of these telegrams refer in some way to São Tomé e Príncipe during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Over 100 of these touch in some way on São Tomé e Príncipe from 1970 until at least 2009.



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Several hundred of these relate to São Tomé e Príncipe, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. policy toward Portuguese colonies and former colonies in Africa.

Jimmy Carter Presidential Library

<https://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/research/collections>

The Jimmy Carter Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to former Portuguese colonies in Africa.

Ronald Reagan Presidential Library

<https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/digital-library>

The Ronald Reagan Presidential Library has digitized portions of its archival collections of documents, audio-visual materials, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. Insurgencies in the former Portuguese colonies and other African states were a major preoccupation for the Reagan administration.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to Angola, Cabo Verde, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, and São Tomé e Príncipe.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on São Tomé e Príncipe

<https://www.state.gov/p/af/ci/tp/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on São Tomé e Príncipe, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: São Tomé e Príncipe

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/saotome.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: São Tomé e Príncipe provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to the constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices of São Tomé e Príncipe.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A number of these deal with U.S. policies toward and relations with São Tomé e Príncipe.

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. These



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include coverage of all presidential statements related to São Tomé e Príncipe, including joint press conferences with visiting dignitaries and officials from São Tomé e Príncipe.

Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. A few documents deal with São Tomé e Príncipe.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.

The Miller Center on the U.S. Presidency

<https://millercenter.org/>

The Miller Center is a nonpartisan affiliate of the University of Virginia that specializes in presidential scholarship, public policy, and political history. Its website includes information on every U.S. president, transcripts and in many cases audio or video recordings of significant presidential speeches, oral histories relating to several presidencies, from Jimmy Carter onward, and transcripts and recordings of secret presidential tapes made by Presidents John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, and Richard Nixon.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes a few documents related to São Tomé e Príncipe.



澳門城市大學
Universidade da Cidade de Macau
City University of Macau

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Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/>

The website of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes around a dozen reports and news releases that refer to São Tomé e Príncipe, from the early 1990s to the present.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).



V. TIMOR-LESTE

(a) SITES DEDICATED TO TIMOR-LESTE

Government of Timor-Leste Official Website

<http://timor-leste.gov.tl/?lang=en>

The Web Portal of the Government of Timor-Leste offers access to press releases, documents, publications, and other information produced by a wide range of Timor-Leste ministries and government bodies and organizations.

The Timorese Resistance Archive and Museum

<http://amrtimor.org>

This site has a very extensive collection range of documentary source materials, some published, others in manuscript form, relating to the East Timorese resistance from 1961 onward and international policies toward East Timor, gathered from a wide variety of governmental and non-governmental sources in Timor and elsewhere.

Timor Archives: Clearing House for Archival Records on Timor Inc. (CHART)

<https://timorarchives.wordpress.com/collections-top/>

This site lists and in many cases offers direct online access to a wide range of archival collections in Australia, Timor-Leste, Portugal, and Canada, that are related to East Timor.

The Timor-Leste Web Archive of the Library of Congress.

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/timor-leste-2010-2011-web-archive/?st=list&c=150>

This is a selection of 105 archived websites, collected from early 2010 to early 2011, focusing on the emergence of Timor-Leste as an independent country following independence, declared in 2002. Many of the websites contain information about the move to independence, the struggle for self-determination, and post-independence developments.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

La'o Hamutuk: Timor-Leste Institute for Development Monitoring and Analysis

<http://www.laohamutuk.org/>

La'o Hamutuk (Walking Together in English) is a Timor-Leste non-governmental organization that monitors, analyzes, and reports on the principal international institutions and systems engaged in Timor-Leste as they relate to the physical, economic, and social reconstruction and development of the country. La'o Hamutuk believes that the people of Timor-Leste must be the ultimate decision-makers in this process and that this process should be democratic and transparent. La'o Hamutuk is an independent organization and works to facilitate effective Timorese participation, to improve communication between the international community and Timorese society, to provide resources on alternative development models, and to facilitate links between Timorese groups and groups abroad.

Tapol: Promoting Human Rights, Peace and Democracy in Indonesia

<http://www.tapol.org/>

The website of the non-governmental human rights organization Tapol includes extensive material on the situation in East Timor from the 1990s onward.

East Timor and Indonesia Action Network (ETAN)

<http://etan.org/>

ETAN is a U.S.-based grassroots organization working in solidarity with the peoples of Timor-Leste (East Timor), West Papua, and Indonesia. It has close links to Tapol. Its website includes extensive material on the human rights situation in those territories, some dating back to the 1960s.

Victoria University, Melbourne, Timor-Leste Collection

<https://www.vu.edu.au/library/about-the-library/special-collections-archives/timor-leste-collection>

This collection, which contains hard-to-find books and journals relating to East Timor, offers digital access to the complete files of the Timorese resistance journals *Tapol* and *Timor Link*.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

(b) INTERNATIONAL RESOURCES

United Nations

<http://www.un.org/en/databases/index.html>

The United Nations maintains a range of databases giving access to official reports, resolutions, speeches, and archives. Many thousands of these files are in some way related to East Timor or to the broader issue of Portuguese colonialism.

CPLP – Community of Portuguese Language Speaking Countries

<https://www.cplp.org/>

CPLP is a multilateral forum intended to deepen mutual friendship and cooperation among its members, the Portuguese-speaking countries. It was created on July 17, 1996. CPLP has the following general objectives: the conservation of political diplomacy among its Member-States, reinforcing its international presence; cooperation in all areas, including education, health, science and technology, defense, agriculture, public administration, communication, justice, public security, culture, sports, and social communication; and the implementation of projects that promote and disseminate the Portuguese language. Its website includes reports and press releases related to these efforts in the various Portuguese-speaking countries, including Timor-Leste.

Asian Development Bank

<https://www.adb.org>

The Asian Development Bank has produced hundreds of reports and other documents related to the development of Timor-Leste.

International Monetary Fund

<https://www.imf.org/en/Countries/TLS>

The International Monetary Fund has published numerous reports and other documents dealing in whole or in part with Timor-Leste.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

<http://www.oecd.org/countries/timor-leste>

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has published a range of materials concerning Timor-Leste.



Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

World Bank

<https://www.worldbank.org/en/research>

Since the late 1990s, the World Bank has produced over three hundred publications and reports focusing on the economic development of Timor-Leste.

World Trade Organization

https://www.wto.org/english/res_e/res_e.htm

The World Trade Organization provides detailed information on Timor-Leste's application for membership and subsequent policies.

Australian Government: Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade: History of Australian Diplomacy

<http://dfat.gov.au/about-us/history-of-australian-diplomacy/pages/documents-on-australian-foreign-policy.aspx>

The website of the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade provides access to the documentary series *Documents on Australian Foreign Policy* and related monographs. Included here is the full text of the substantial documentary volume, *Australia and the Indonesian Incorporation of Portuguese Timor, 1974-1976* (2000).

National Archives of Australia

<http://www.naa.gov.au/>

Numerous archival files relating to many aspects of Australian international affairs during the twentieth century have been digitized and are available online. Around two hundred of these deal with issues related to East Timor.

National Library of Australia

<https://www.nla.gov.au/asian/east-timor>

The National Library of Australia maintains a portal that offers access to numerous websites offering access to documents, reporting, photographs, and other materials on East Timor.



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to Timor-Leste.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Timor-Leste. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most



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relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitalq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, including a significant number dealing with East Timor.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories. This portal offers access to the complete text of the *Boletim Oficial de Timor* and to a range of digitized documents from the Netherlands National Archives.

Historical Archives of the European Union

<https://www.eui.eu>

The Historical Archives preserves and makes accessible in a central location the archival holdings of the European Union Institutions. In addition, the HAEU collects private papers of key European politicians, high-ranking EU officials and individuals involved in the process of European integration as well as the archives of pro-European movements and other organizations with a European scope. These materials include well over 100 files relating to East Timor from the 1970s to around 2000.

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan: Documents on Japanese Foreign Policy (Nihongaikobunsho)

http://www.mofa.go.jp/ms/da/page25e_000017.html

Provides online access to published volumes of compilations of original Japanese documents on foreign affairs during the 1930s and 1940s. Some of these collections cover the Japanese occupation of Timor.



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

National Archives of Singapore

<http://www.nas.gov.sg/archivesonline/>

The National Archives of Singapore offer a wide range of sources, including documents, audiovisual materials, photographs, posters, and oral histories. Troops based in Singapore fought in Timor during World War II. Singapore contributed personnel to the United Nations peacekeeping force in Timor. Economic links also existed between Timor and Singapore. The National Archives of Singapore therefore contain a significant range of archival documentary materials, photographs, and including oral histories, related to East Timor. Some have been collected from other repositories, notably the United Kingdom National Archives and the National Archives of Australia.

British Diplomatic Oral History Programme

<https://janus.lib.cam.ac.uk/db/node.xsp?id=EAD%2FGBR%2F0014%2FDOHP>

The British Diplomatic Oral History Programme (BDOHP), established in 1996 with the approval and cooperation of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FC), interviews former British diplomats or other officials who have played a significant role in events bearing on international relations. Interviewees include diplomats who dealt with East Timorese issues.

U.S. State Department: Office of the Historian

<https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments>

The Office of the Historian section of the State Department website offers access to a range of historical materials, including all volumes of the documentary series *Foreign Relations of the United States* that have been published to date. The volumes covering East Timor during the administrations of President Richard Nixon (1969-1974), President Gerald Ford (1974-1977), and President Jimmy Carter (1977-1981) are currently available, while those dealing with the administration of President Ronald Reagan (1981-1989) are currently in preparation or undergoing declassification review.

U.S. National Archives

<https://aad.archives.gov/aad/series-list.jsp?cat=WR42>

The U.S. National Archives has digitized the records of the U.S. State Department's Central Policy Files from mid-1973 to 1979. Over 2,000 of these telegrams relate to policy toward East Timor



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during this period. This site also provides extensive digital files on U.S. military assistance programs and defense spending in overseas countries throughout and beyond the Cold War.

U.S. State Department: Freedom of Information Act Website

<https://foia.state.gov/#3>

The U.S. State Department maintains an online archive of documents it has released under the Freedom of Information Act. Several hundred of these relate to East Timor from 1970 until at least 2009.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Several hundred of these relate to East Timor, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.fordlibrarymuseum.gov/collections.aspx>

The Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library contains extensive documentary information on U.S. relations with Portugal and Indonesia, including material relevant to East Timor.

George H. W. Bush Presidential Library and Museum

<https://www.bush41.org/>

The Bush 41 Presidential Library website offers access to some significant materials relating to U.S. policy toward East Timor and Indonesia.

William J. Clinton Presidential Library and Museum

<https://clinton.presidentiallibraries.us/>

The Digital Library of the William J. Clinton Presidential Library offers access to a growing number of documents, photographs, and audio-visual sources generated by President Clinton and members of his administration, which include significant material relating to East Timor.

Institute for Research on Portuguese-speaking Countries

Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

The American Presidency Project

<https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

The American Presidency Project includes the text of all the public statements of U.S. presidents from George Washington onward, and also material from all the presidential campaigns. Its coverage of the public stance of Presidents William J. Clinton, George W. Bush, and Barack Obama on East Timor is particularly useful, as is its information on how the issue featured in presidential campaigns from 1980 onward.

The U.S. Department of State: Country Page on Timor-Leste

<https://www.state.gov/p/eap/ci/tt/>

The U.S. State Department maintains a country page on Timor-Leste, which gives a brief description of bilateral relations, and also includes links to other sites covering a wide range of economic matters, the human rights situation, developmental assistance, and humanitarian issues.

The Library of Congress Law Library Research and Reports: Guide to Law Online: Timor-Leste

<https://www.loc.gov/law/help/guide/nations/timorleste.php>

The Law Library's Guide to Law Online: Timor-Leste provides links to numerous online resources related in whole or in part to East Timor's constitution, government, and legal system, history, and practices.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A significant number of these cover U.S. policies toward East Timor and Indonesia.

National Security Archive

<https://nsarchive.gwu.edu/>

The National Security Archive is a non-profit, non-governmental research and archival organization, located at George Washington University, Washington, DC, that focuses upon

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declassifying and disseminating archival materials relating to U.S. involvement in international affairs during and after the Cold War. Its website includes a virtual reading room of documents from a wide range of sources, selected publications, information on its numerous projects, and a blog. The website includes extensive information on U.S. policies toward East Timor from the 1970s onward.

Amnesty International

<https://www.amnesty.org/en/>

The website of the leading human rights non-governmental organization Amnesty International includes over 300 reports and press releases related to East Timor, from the 1990s to the present.

Freedom House

<https://freedomhouse.org/country/timor-leste>

The non-governmental organization Freedom House provides reports assessing the state of freedom and democracy in Timor-Leste since 1998.

Human Rights Watch

<https://www.hrw.org/asia/timor-leste>

The Timor-Leste Country page of the non-governmental organization Human Rights Watch includes more than 80 reports and news releases relating to East Timor since the early 1990s.

Reporters Without Borders

<https://rsf.org/en/east-timor>

The website of the non-governmental organization Reporters Without Borders includes reports on the situation of the press in Timor-Leste since the early twenty-first century.



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VI. GOA

(a) INDIA

National Archives of India: Abhilekh Patal

<https://www.abhilekh-patal.in/jspui/>

Abhilekh Patal Portal for Access to Archives and Learning is an initiative launched by the National Archives of India to make its rich treasure of Indian Archival Records available online. Over 78,000 records from both government sources and private collections have already been digitized, some of which relate to Macau.

Nehru Memorial Museum and Library: Nehru Portal

<http://nehruportal.nic.in/writings>

Provides access to the full text of the massive documentary series, *Selected Works of Jawaharlal Nehru*, India's charismatic founding premier, who from taking office was determined to end Portuguese rule of Goa.

Indian Council of World Affairs Oral History Project

<http://www.icwa.in/Oralhistory.html>

The ICWA's Oral History Project, under which former senior Indian diplomats are requested to narrate their experiences while in service, is intended to preserve material that could contribute to a better understanding and perspective of India's foreign policy and its implementation for future historians and research scholars of Indian Diplomacy, as well as serving officers of the Government of India.



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Online Sources for the study of Portuguese-speaking countries and other territories, including Equatorial Guinea, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Goa (India).

Indian Foreign Affairs Journal: Oral History Narratives

<http://associationdiplomats.org/Publications/ifaj/Oral%20History/Oral%20History%20Index.html>

The Journal includes a special section which preserves in print, hitherto unknown aspects of India's diplomatic experience and policy through Oral History Narratives, interviews with senior and highly experienced policy makers.

(b) INTERNATIONAL

United Nations

<http://www.un.org/en/databases/index.html>

The United Nations maintains a range of databases giving access to official reports, resolutions, speeches, and archives. Among these are many bearing upon Goa or the broader issue of Portuguese colonialism.

CPLP – Community of Portuguese Language Speaking Countries

<https://www.cplp.org/>

CPLP is a multilateral forum intended to deepen mutual friendship and cooperation among its members, the Portuguese-speaking countries. It was created on July 17, 1996. CPLP has the following general objectives: the conservation of political diplomacy among its Member-States, reinforcing its international presence; cooperation in all areas, including education, health, science and technology, defense, agriculture, public administration, communication, justice, public security, culture, sports, and social communication; and the implementation of projects that promote and disseminate the Portuguese language. Its website includes reports and press releases related to these efforts in the various Portuguese-speaking territories, including Goa.

Australian Government: Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade: History of Australian Diplomacy

<http://dfat.gov.au/about-us/history-of-australian-diplomacy/pages/documents-on-australian-foreign-policy.aspx>

The website of the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade provides access to the documentary series *Documents on Australian Foreign Policy* and related monographs. These



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volumes provide extensive information on relations between Australia, India, Portugal, and other countries during the twentieth century, some of which bears upon Goa.

Global Affairs Canada

<http://www.international.gc.ca/history-histoire/index.aspx?lang=eng>

Website of Canada's Department of Foreign Affairs and International Affairs, which provides information on the history of Canadian foreign policy. It gives access to the published volumes of the documentary series *Documents on Canadian External Relations* from 1946 onward, which include information on Canada's relations with India and Portugal, including the issue of Goa.

Library and Archives of Canada

<http://www.collectionscanada.gc.ca/lac-bac/search/all>

The Library and Archives of Canada holds substantial archival materials, books, photographs, and maps bearing on Goa, a significant number of which have been digitized.

Archives Portal Europe

<https://www.archivesportaleurope.net/>

The Archives Portal Europe provides access to information on archival material from different European countries as well as information on archival institutions throughout the continent. Accessible materials include documents, publications, maps, photographs, audio-visual materials, and oral histories. The great majority of the several thousand relating to Goa are from Portuguese repositories.

Diário da República Electrónico

<https://dre.pt/>

This site offers access to official public decrees and statements of the government of Portugal, from 1603 to the present, including many related to Goa.

Mario Soares Foundation (Fundação Mário Soares): Archives and Library

<http://www.fmsoares.pt/aeb/>

The Archive and Library is a project that the Mário Soares Foundation has developed since its inception in 1996, using the latest information technologies for this purpose. Initially consisting of materials from the personal archive of Dr. Mário Soares, it has been supplemented by numerous

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other documentary collections bearing on the modern history of Portugal and the Portuguese-speaking world. These include the papers of many of the political associates of Dr. Soares, and materials from elsewhere in the Portuguese-speaking world, such as, for example, the archives of Amílcar Cabral, the Timorese Resistance, and the Historical Archive of São Tomé e Príncipe. Significant portions of these collections have been digitized.

Memories of Africa and Asia Portal (O Portal das Memórias de África e do Oriente)

<http://memoria-africa.ua.pt/>

The Portal of Memories of Africa and Asia is a project of the Portugal-Africa Foundation established in 1997, developed and maintained by the University of Aveiro and the Center for Studies on Africa and Development. It is a fundamental and pioneering instrument in an effort to enhance historical memory of the ties that unite Portugal and Lusophony, thus offering the peoples of all these countries a bridge to their common past in the construction of a collective identity. Its holdings include thousands of digitized periodicals, newspapers, books, pamphlets, images, and other materials, and major archival collections.

National Library of Portugal: National Digital Library

<http://www.theeuropeanlibrary.org/tel4/collection/a0493>

The National Digital Library of Portugal provides access to digitized documents relevant to Portuguese Culture, History and Science in Portugal and its former colonies, including Timor-Leste. Over 10,000 documents are currently available at the National Digital Library web site. The NLP Collection of Digital Items is mainly composed of iconographic documents for preservation purposes. For the same reasons, cartographic material was also intensively digitized. The most relevant content available online is from textual documents encompassing old Portuguese books from the 16th and 17th Centuries, important for their uniqueness and heritage value, and Portuguese newspapers of the 19th Century, because of their richness of information and fragile nature.

National Archives of Portugal (Arquivo Nacional: Torre do Tombo)

<https://digitarq.arquivos.pt/>

The National Archives of Portugal offers digital access to selected documents from its collections, including many materials related to Goa.



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Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan: Documents on Japanese Foreign Policy (Nihongaikobunsho)

http://www.mofa.go.jp/ms/da/page25e_000017.html

Provides online access to published volumes of compilations of original Japanese documents on foreign affairs during the 1930s and 1940s. Some of these relate to Goa, especially as a neutral wartime enclave that facilitated exchanges of interned civilians between belligerents.

National Archives of Singapore

<http://www.nas.gov.sg/archivesonline/>

The National Archives of Singapore offer a wide range of sources, including documents, audiovisual materials, photographs, posters, and oral histories, some of which, including entries in the diaries of Sir Stamford Raffles, have a bearing on Goa.

U.S. State Department: Office of the Historian

<https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments>

The Office of the Historian section of the State Department website offers access to a range of historical materials, including all volumes of the documentary series *Foreign Relations of the United States* that have been published to date. The volumes covering World War II and the administrations of President Franklin D. Roosevelt (1933-1945), President Harry S. Truman (1945-1953), President Dwight D. Eisenhower (1953-1961), and President John F. Kennedy (1961-1963), all include significant material on Goa.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

<https://www.cia.gov/library/readingroom/collection/crest-25-year-program-archive>

The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency maintains a large online archive of historical documents it has released for public use under the Freedom of Information Act and other initiatives. Several hundred of these relate to Goa, covering the period from the late 1940s to the early twenty-first century.

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Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library

<https://fdrlibrary.org/archives>

The Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Portugal, especially during World War II.

Harry S. Truman Presidential Library

https://www.trumanlibrary.org/online_collections.htm

The Harry S. Truman Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials related to international affairs. The files of the President and Secretary of State Dean Acheson contain records relating to Portugal, India, and Goa.

John F. Kennedy Presidential Library

<https://www.jfklibrary.org/>

The John F. Kennedy Presidential Library has digitized substantial portions of its archival holdings of documents, photographs, oral histories, and other materials generated by the president and his associates, including significant materials on U.S. relations with Portugal, including India's seizure of Goa in 1961.

The Library of Congress: Frontline Diplomacy: The Foreign Affairs Oral History Collection of the Association for Diplomatic Studies and Training

<https://www.loc.gov/collections/foreign-affairs-oral-history/>

The Library of Congress website hosts online, searchable transcripts of oral history interviews conducted with over 1,700 U.S. diplomats of the later twentieth and twenty-first centuries. A number of these discuss the question of Goa and its relationship to U.S. policy toward both Portugal and India.



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Cold War International History Project

<http://digitalarchive.wilsoncenter.org/>

The Cold War International History Project, based at the Woodrow Wilson Center in Washington, DC, maintains a continuously expanding digital archive of original documents relating to the Cold War, gathered from archives around the world. Over thirty documents bear on Goa.

This archive forms part of the broader website of the Woodrow Wilson Center's History and Public Policy Program, which also includes a wide variety of publications, including the Cold War International History Project's Bulletin and Occasional Papers; transcripts of critical oral history conferences; and a project blog.